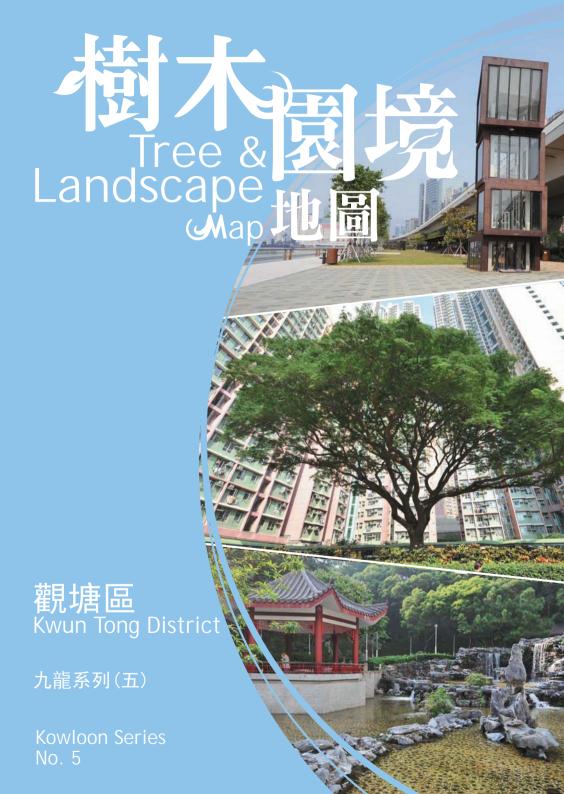


發展局 綠化、園境及樹木管理組

Greening, Landscape and Tree Management Section Development Burea



# 引言 Foreword

### 人樹共融 綠滿家園

發展局 綠化、園境及樹木管理組編寫的樹木園境地圖,重 點介紹香港各區的綠化園境資產,讓市民認識、欣賞及享 受綠化空間與樹木帶來的樂趣。

### People, Trees, Harmony

This Tree & Landscape Map prepared by the Greening, Landscape and Tree Management Section, Development Bureau, aims to highlight the greening and landscape assets in different parts of Hong Kong, so as to promote the understanding, appreciation and enjoyment of open spaces and trees.

## 封面照片

上: 觀塘海濱花園 中: 秀明道古樹名木 下: 康寧道公園第二期

#### **Cover Photos**

Top: Kwun Tong Promenade Middle: Sau Ming Road OVT Bottom: Hong Ning Road Park

Phase I



觀塘 Kwun Tong





觀塘區在50年代時是一個工業區,但隨着香港的工業逐 愈來愈多住宅樓宇進駐觀塘區,令該區對休憩 地方的需求大增。區內新的綠化空間亦陸續發展起來,為 觀塘區營造更舒適的環境。



九龍灣公園 Kowloon Bay Park

觀塘海濱花園 Kwun Tong Promenade





麗港公園 Laguna Park



藍田公園 Lam Tin Park



秀茂坪南邨 Sau Mau Ping South Estate



古樹名木 - 合歡 OVT (*Albizia julibrissin*)

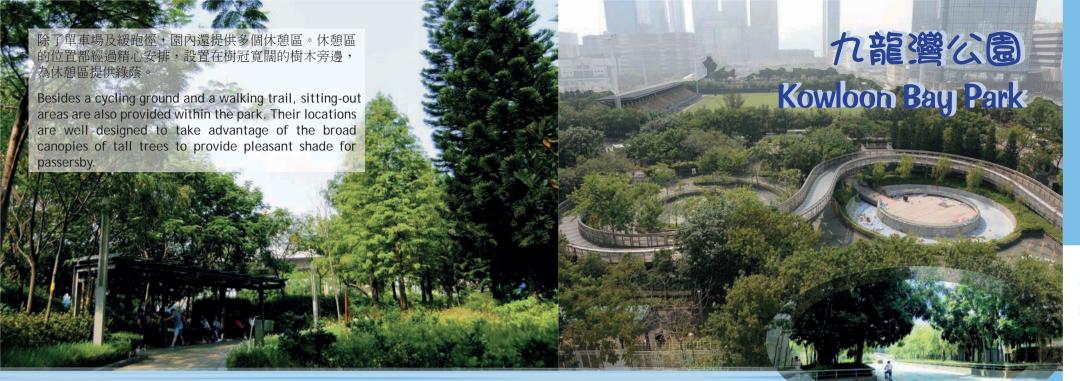








Kwun Tong District has a total population of over 600,000, which is the most densely populated district in Hong Kong. It was an industrial area back in the 1950s. But with the decline of the local industry, commercial and residential developments sprung up and gradually replaced the industrial ones. With more and more residential intake, the demand for open spaces and communal areas rose sharply. Additional green spaces have been provided over the years to create a more pleasant environment.



單車場 Cycling ground

九龍灣公園位於九龍灣運動場和 舊啟德機場之間。園內有單車場 及小徑,而小徑兩旁種滿大樹及 灌木,令公園顯得色彩繽紛綠蔭 處處。園內的大樹群一方面劃分 單車徑及緩跑徑,同時亦形成一 別列視覺屏風,分隔公園及煩囂 的都市。

Kowloon Bay Park is located between Kowloon Bay Sports Ground and the Old Kai Tak Airport. It has a cycling ground and a walking trail. The tall trees and flowering shrubs give different colours and textures to the park and provide pleasant shade. The tall trees not only neatly separate the cycling track from the walking trail, but also act as visual barriers, concealing the park from the hurly-burly city.



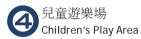














海濱花園位置優越,能夠讓遊人飽覽啓德發展區及觀塘海濱的景色。其休憩區亦各具 特色,例如上圖的休憩區使用了攀緣植物進行垂直綠化,為遊人在炎炎夏日提供遮蔭 ;而右圖的休憩區設有波浪形狀的兒童遊樂設施,與海面的波浪互相呼應。

Visitors on the promenade can enjoy the view of Kwun Tong Waterfront and the Kai Tak development across the harbour. Seating areas with different designs are provided, such as the seating area shown above, which is partially shaded by vertical greening using climbing plants. The one shown on the right, on the other hand, is a set of children's play equipment in wavy shape that mimics the wave movements.



The Tower has created a landmark along the promenade. The specially designed waterfront promenade attracts visitors to come close to water edge and enjoy the seaview.







上圖:表演場地位處木板散步道和草地 之間,而旁邊的觀眾看台則設在 行車天橋旁,充分利用空間。

Above: The Performance Stage is located between the boardwalk and the lawn; the Spectator Stand by the flyover fully utilises the space.

左頁: 兒童遊樂場面積雖小,但靠近海邊,是少數擁有海景的遊樂場。

Left page: Although the size of the Children's Play Area is small, it has a spectacular seaview, which is rarely found in children's playgrounds.





#### 麗港城 Laguna City







偉發道 Wai Fat Rd





# 林蔭大道 Tree Avenue

公園的主要行人道兩旁種有整齊的大樹,例如連接偉業街入口的兩旁種滿黃槿,而連接茶果嶺道入口的兩旁則有排列整齊的假檳榔。

Main paths of the park are well defined by avenues of trees; such as the avenue linking Wai Yip Street is planted with Cuban Bast (*Hibiscus tiliaceus*); whereas the avenue linking Cha Kwo Ling Road Entrance is planted with Alexandra Palm (*Archontophoenix alexandrae*) along both sides.



公園栽種大樹的位置經過周詳考慮。左圖的休憩區以種植細葉榕 為主,茂密的樹冠令休憩區能在 烈日當空下仍然舒適涼快。

The location of trees has been carefully considered. Such as the seating area shown on the left, Chinese Banyan (*Ficus microcarpa*) are planted to provide shades for cooling effects.





藍田公園坐落五桂山,園內設施主要包括登山徑、涼亭及兒童遊樂場等。通往山頂涼亭的登山徑中途,設有休憩區供遊人歇腳,是香港市區罕見的「半郊野公園」。

Lam Tin Park is located at Black Hill, and it consists of trails, pavilions and a children's playground. Visitor can stop by the seating areas which can be found along the mountain trails leading to the pavilion on the peak. This is a rare 'semi-country park' in the urban area of Hong Kong.

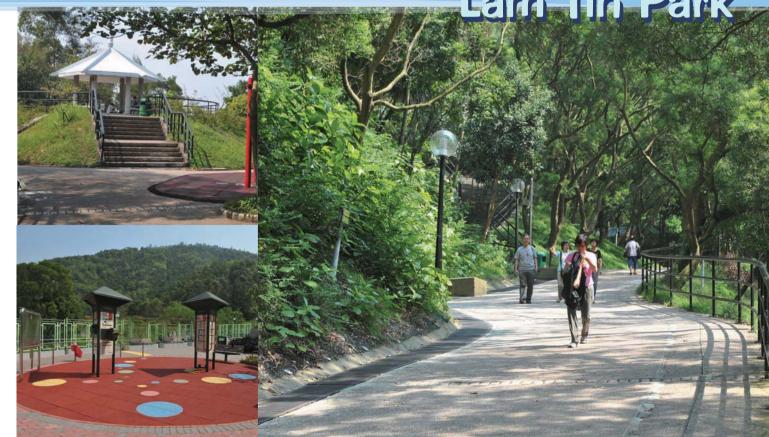
右上:公園主入口

Top right: main entrance 右下: 園內的登山徑

Bottom right: trail within the park

左上及中:山頂涼亭

Top left and middle: pavilion on the peak



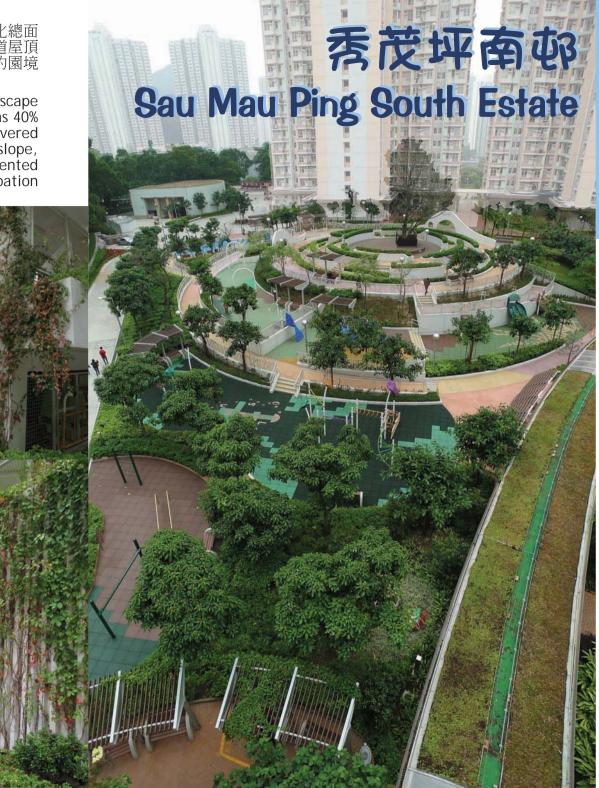
秀茂坪南邨於2009年年中落成,其園境設計質量並重。屋邨的綠化總面積佔屋邨範圍的四成,當中包括現時公共屋邨中最長的有蓋行人道屋頂綠化、斜坡綠化、垂直綠化及其他透過社區綠化參與計劃而完成的園境綠地。

Sau Mau Ping South Estate was completed in mid 2009. Its landscape design is remarkable in both quality and quantity. The estate has 40% of greenery coverage, which includes the longest green roof covered walkway amongst public housing estates, ecological planting on slope, vertical greening, and the landscape and green spaces implemented through activities initiated under the Community Participation Scheme

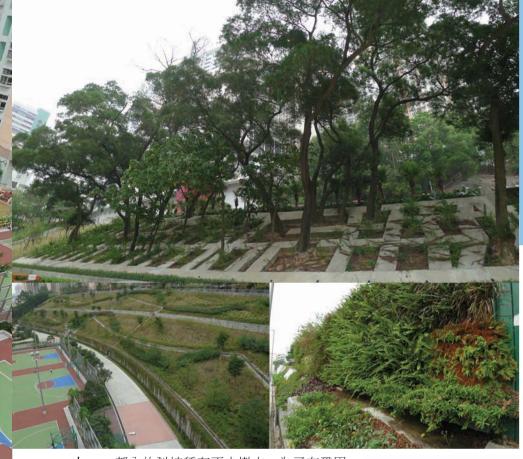
垂直幾化及社區參與計劃 Vertical Greening and Community Participation Scheme

邨內的階梯及圍牆以攀緣植物作垂直綠化。社區 綠化參與計劃包括「樹苗栽種活動」,居民可於 家中培植樹苗,直至可以於其他屋邨栽種為止。 此外,還有大石彩繪活動,居民可利用附近彩雲 石礦場的大石創作彩繪,讓大石變成獨一無二的 園境裝置。

Vertical greening using climber plants have been applied along staircases and fence walls in the estate. The Community Participation Scheme on greening includes the "Action Seedling" scheme and the Boulder Painting activity. The former is a scheme in which local residents are provided with seedlings to grow at home until they can be transplanted to other public housing estates. The latter involves the creation of unique landscape design feature for the estate using boulders collected from nearby Choi Wan Quarry for boulder painting.







邨內的斜坡種有不少樹木,為了在鞏固 斜坡的同時保留樹木,當局採用了土釘 及混凝土板架來鞏固斜坡。此方法既能 整固鬆軟的泥土,又能保留現有樹木。

Stabilisation works have been applied to the existing slopes within the estate where many existing trees are located. In order to preserve the trees, soil nails were used to stabilise the slope together with concrete grillages. This strengthens the loose fill slope and at the same time preserves the existing trees.

左中: 使用本地植物作斜坡綠化

Mid-left: Ecological planting on slope using native

species

Top:

右中: 設有垂直綠化的隔音屏障

Mid-right: A noise barrier with vertical greening

下: 風力及太陽能發電照明系統

**Bottom:** Solar-cum-wind hybrid lighting system















左上: Top left:

設於在水池旁的中國式涼亭,讓遊客能一邊乘涼,一邊欣賞園內景緻 A pavilion located beside the pond provides a place for rest and

enjoyment of the water feature

入口附近「引人入勝」的中式月亮門

Bottom left: A Moon Gate near the entrance to capture visitors' attention

右上:瀑布不但美化了園 內景觀,流水聲還能掩蓋 園外馬路的噪音,令園內 環境更貼近大自然

Top right: Waterfalls not only add aesthetic value to the park, but the sound of flowing water can also mitigate the traffic noise outside the park

右下:迴廊旁種滿色彩斑 爛的植物

Bottom right: Shrubs with bright colours are planted along the covered walkway



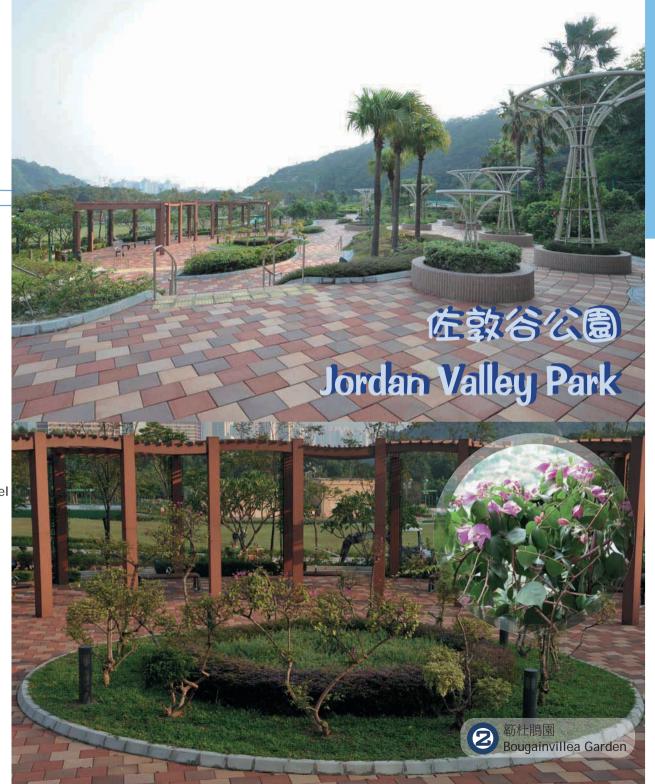
Four Seasons Garden

Bougainvillea Garden

Radio-Controlled Model Car Racing Circuit

佐敦谷公園原為堆填區,面積6.3公頃,是觀塘區最大的公園。佐敦谷公園是一個堆填區土地修復重用的好例子。 公園地勢雖然平坦,但園內設有多個主題區,為公園平添 不少趣味。

Jordan Valley Park was formerly a landfill site. The area was turned into a 6.3-hectare park, which is the largest park in Kwun Tong District. This park is a good example of how a closed landfill site can be put to good use after restoration. The profile of the park is relatively flat, but different thematic zones in the park have turned it into an interesting spot to visitors.



佐敦谷公園曾經是堆填區,而在美化公園方面, 植物扮演了重要的角色。園內有以簕杜鵑為主題的「簕杜鵑園」、介紹各種開花灌木的「四季花 園」及「中央草坪」等,我們可從中窺見如何以 植物進行美化工作。

Soft landscape plays an important role in the park, such as the use of Brazil Bougainvillea (Bougainvillea spectabilis) as the feature plant in the "Bougainvillea Garden"; the introduction of different kinds of flowering shrub species in the "Four Seasons Garden"; and the "Central Lawn" in the park. They are all examples of how soft landscape has added aesthetic values to the former landfill.

左下: 迷宮花園以修剪成籬笆的灌木金連翹排列而成

Bottom left: A maze formed by Golden Dewdrops (Duranta repens) hedges

右頁: 在已修復的堆填區土地上只能興建有高度、重量

> 及用涂限制的建築物,例如草坪及模型賽車場 Only simple construction with limited height,

weight and function, such as lawn and model car racing circuit, can be built on restored

landfill site.

Right page:











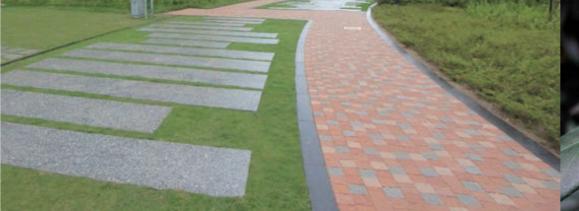
都市原生林 Urban Forest 理保廣場 Eco Plaza

▲ 公園入口 Park Entrance

環保庭院 Eco- Terrace 4

戶外展覽場地 Outdoor Exhibition Area





零碳天地是香港首座零碳建築,旨在向本地及世界各地的建造業展示環保建築的尖端科技及先進設計和提高市民對可持續生活模式的認知。零碳天地採用可再生能源就地發電,包括利用太陽能光伏板以太陽能發電和使用廢棄食油煉成的生物柴油(一種生物能源)發電。雨水經收集及淨化後可作灌溉用途。公園的綠化覆蓋面積佔總面積的百分之五十以上,當中包括全港首個都市原生林種植了四十多個本地原生樹木品種(例如紅花荷,紅皮糙果茶,土沉香),以改善微氣候和緩解城市熱島效應,並可提高視覺效果和生物多樣性。

Being the first zero carbon building in Hong Kong, ZCB is a signature project to showcase state-of-the-art eco-building design and technologies to the construction industry internationally and locally and to raise community awareness of sustainable living in Hong Kong. The building generates on-site renewable energy from photovoltaic panels and a biodiesel trigeneration system. Rain water collected on-site is reclaimed for plant irrigation. With greenery area covers over 50% of the total ZCB site and creation of the first urban native woodland comprising over 40 native tree species (eg. Rhodoleia championii, Camellia crapnelliana, Aquilaria sinensis), it helps to mitigates urban heat island effect while enhancing visual amenity and biodiversity.





上左 Above left 一些受保護的樹木品種如絨毛潤楠 (嘉道理農場捐贈)

Machilus velutina, one of the protected tree species (donated by Kadoorie Farm)

下左 Below left 石籠圍牆使用現場工地拆卸回收的建築廢料。

(Source: http://zcb.hkcic.org)

The gabion wall construction made use of construction debris salvaged from demolition.

下中 Below middle 以循環再造物料加上空氣淨化物料製成的環保混凝土磚鋪砌行人徑

(Source: http://zcb.hkcic.org)

Eco concrete pavers made by recycled materials and coated with an

air purifying material, are used to build the footpath

右 Right 都市原生林內的花崗石鋪地磚採用不規則圖案,並在接縫植草,營造原 生森林環境,優化步行體驗都市原生林內的花崗石鋪地磚採用不規則圖 案,並在接縫植草,營造原生森林環境,優化步行體驗

Crazy pattern granite paving blocks with grass joints are used in the Urban Forest area to enhance walking experience in the native woodland



Opened in January 2013, the Fly the Flyover01 (FF01) is located underneath Kwun Tong Bypass near Kwun Tong Promenade. Previously, this space was fenced-off and used as a government site office, blocking public access to the waterfront. An open design approach was adopted transform this area into an arts, culture, informal multi-purpose performance venue with flexible and green design for diversified uses. Apart from allowing the public to relax and enjoy the space freely, FF01 is also equipped with a backstage, wood and toilet palette seating provides facilities. alternative to different parties for organizing various / activities dancing, including music, exhibition and sports events.



多用途場地 (戶外電影院)

Image 1 above: Multi-purpose venue (outdoor movie theatre)

上二: 多用途場地(音樂活動)

Image 2 above: Multi-purpose venue (music event)

上三: 多用途場地(公眾研討會)

Image 3 above: Multi-purpose venue (public seminar)

上四: 用舊油罐改裝成的敲擊樂器

Old fuel drums modified as percussion instruments Image 4 above:

改裝舊油罐 Modified Old Fuel Drums

特色塔 Iconic Tower

公園入口 Stage Park Entrance

觀眾看台 Spectator Stand





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